

# Tesla Motors, Inc. – First Quarter 2013 Shareholder Letter

- GAAP profitable even without the benefit of a one-time gain
- Cash balance increased, despite making DOE loan payment
- Record sales of \$562 million, up 83% from last quarter
- 4,900 vehicles delivered
- Gross margin doubled from last quarter to 17%
- U.S. demand expected to exceed 15,000/year; global demand likely above 30,000/year

May 8, 2013

Dear Fellow Shareholders:

Tesla reached profitability in the first quarter of 2013 for the first time in our ten year history. We exceeded our own targets for deliveries, significantly expanded gross margin, and improved execution throughout the company. Excluding non-cash warrant and stock option items, we generated a profit of \$15 million. Including those factors, our GAAP profit was \$11 million. Importantly, we achieved profitability despite the benefit of a one-time accounting gain related to the DOE warrant.

## Production & Deliveries Up Over 80%, Exceeding Targets

During Q1, we consistently produced 400 or more Model S vehicles per week, for a total of over 5,000 during the quarter. We recognized 4,900 vehicles as revenue, exceeding our initial Q1 guidance of 4,500, despite physically delivering a higher number of vehicles, as the standard for revenue recognition was extremely high. Even if a car was received, fully paid for and signed off as good by a customer, we did not recognize the revenue if the paperwork was incorrect.

As our manufacturing processes stabilized and our supply chain continued to mature, we turned our attention to improving execution. In the process, we reduced the hours required to build a car by almost 40% from December to March.

We also improved our inventory management. During Q1, raw materials declined by almost 26%, while unit production increased 80%. Better inventory management contributed over \$30 million in cash and reduced our logistics costs during the quarter.



Financing Product Expands Model S Market

The 10,000<sup>th</sup> Model S Body

Our goal has always been to make electric vehicles affordable to the mass market. The Model S is priced substantially lower than the Roadster and our third generation vehicle will again be priced much lower than the

Model S. However, in the near term, we believe that the right financing product can make a significant difference to the affordability of the Model S.

Working with US Bank and Wells Fargo, we are able to offer many customers the ability to buy a Model S with no money down (net of reimbursement from federal & state incentives) and an effective cost as low as \$580 per month, taking into account savings from not using gasoline. When purchased for business use, the depreciation benefit reduces the effective monthly cost even further to as low as \$350.

Moreover, Tesla guarantees a resale price in three years that is the highest of any premium sedan brand made in volume. We believe that this has the potential to make the Model S accessible to a much larger customer base.

### Growing Rate of Worldwide Orders

We are pleased with the strong global demand for Model S and are currently receiving orders at a rate greater than 20,000 per year worldwide. Importantly, we are seeing orders in a particular region increase proportionate to the number of deliveries, which means that customers are selling other customers on the car. Given that we have not yet delivered any customer cars outside of North America, there would appear to be significant upside potential in



Model S in the Alps

Europe and Asia.

We continue to modify our sales processes to simplify and enhance the customer experience. As vehicle production became more reliable during Q1, we realized that the reservation process was cumbersome and therefore eliminated it. Customers in North America now order their customized Model S online in a simple three step process, rather than placing a generic reservation in a queue. As a result, quarter-end reservation data is no longer a meaningful metric, nor is it comparable to prior quarters. Going forward, we believe that the accepted automotive industry approach of focusing on margin improvement, profitability and deliveries are the more meaningful metrics for measuring progress.

### **Building the Best Ownership Experience**

The ideal service experience is, of course, never to need service, but when necessary, we now offer top of the line Tesla vehicles as loaner cars. Through our valet service, which will be rolled out over the next three months, we deliver another Model S to the customer at their choice of location and pick up their car. Since we also plan to offer these loaner cars for sale at a discount according to age and miles driven, the loaner fleet is constantly refreshed, resulting in the loaner cars usually being newer and with more options than the customer car in service. For some additional fun, customers in most markets can opt to receive a Tesla Roadster while their Model S is in for service.

Also, while we do recommend an annual checkup for optimal performance, Model S will also now no longer require an annual service contract to maintain the vehicle warranty. Moreover, for customer peace of mind, the battery pack now comes with a "no fault" warranty. Even if a customer never reads or follows the manual, the Model S battery pack is always covered by Tesla.

Finally, to support the growing fleet of customer cars, in Q1 we opened 12 new service locations, bringing our total network to 41 locations. We remain on plan to add approximately 30 service locations in total in 2013.

The expansion of our store and gallery network is also continuing on plan. At quarter end, we had 34 stores and galleries around the world, and plan to open about 15 more stores and galleries this year with about half the openings in Europe and Asia. This year we have already opened a gallery in Austin, Texas, and stores in Century City, California, and Frankfurt, Germany. We also moved our location at Santana Row, California to a new, larger store to accommodate stronger than expected visitor traffic levels. Global store and gallery visitor traffic has remained very strong.



New Store at Santana Row, California

We have been hard at work on improving our Supercharger technology and in

building out new Supercharger stations, with a major announcement expected within the next few weeks. As always, Tesla Supercharging is fast, convenient and free forever.

### Improving the Car of the Year

Like we did with the Roadster, we continue to improve Model S for both new and existing customers. We recently introduced a lower cost, 60 kWh battery pack for Model S. This Model S has outstanding 0-60 mph acceleration and an EPA certified range of 208 miles on a single charge. We also introduced a Performance Plus option for our



New Red

### Quarterly Results

85 kWh cars. Using a combination of wider tires and enhanced suspension components, we were able to improve dynamic handling and ride quality while extending range by about ten miles.

During Q1, we also started delivery of cars with standard coil suspension (in addition to active air suspension), and in April, we introduced a new, red paint. We remotely pushed software updates to our customer fleet, adding incremental functionality such as voice activation of the infotainment system. By holding down the voice button and saying "Play XX song by YY artist", you can play almost any song in the world on demand.

Total revenues for Q1 rose 83% from Q4 to \$562 million, a new record for Tesla. In addition to record Model S deliveries in Q1, we continued to supply full electric powertrains and battery packs at a steady pace to Toyota for their RAV4 EV program. We also completed various deliverables under the Mercedes Benz B-Class EV program which contributed to total development services revenue of almost \$7 million.

From Q4 to Q1, total gross margin rose from 8% to 17%, as a result of a higher Model S production rate, manufacturing efficiencies, part cost reductions and regulatory credit sales. Zero emission vehicle (ZEV) credits sold to other automakers amounted to approximately \$68 million or 12% of revenues. We expect this to decline

significantly in future quarters, as ZEV credits will only apply to about 1/6 of worldwide deliveries, versus roughly half of US deliveries, and the price per credit has declined.

However, an important point for investors to note is that we are reaffirming our prior guidance of a gross margin of 25% in Q4 2013, <u>assuming zero ZEV credit revenue</u>. This may turn out to be greater than zero, but we are not counting on it. What really matters is improving fundamental automotive gross margin, excluding regulatory credits. On this front, Tesla improved nine percentage points from the prior quarter and continues to improve every month.

Research and development (R&D) expenses were \$47 million on a non-GAAP basis and \$55 million on a GAAP basis. R&D spending declined by 23% from Q4 on a non-GAAP basis, as very high expenses associated with the Model S launch declined substantially. Increasing production by over 3000% from Roadster to Model S was extremely difficult and many mistakes were made, but now we are starting to get the hang of things.

Selling, general and administrative (SG&A) expenses were \$41 million on a non-GAAP basis and \$47 million on a GAAP basis, up slightly from Q4. The increase was driven primarily by additional selling expenses related to the expansion of our store network and service infrastructure, and by increased information technology costs.

Q1 non-GAAP net income was \$15 million, and \$11.2 million on a GAAP basis. Non-GAAP basic EPS was \$0.13 and \$0.10 on a GAAP basis, using 114.7 million weighted shares outstanding. On a fully diluted basis, non-GAAP EPS was \$0.12. GAAP diluted EPS was \$0.00, as net income has been adjusted to exclude the one-time non-cash gain of \$10.7 million from the elimination of our Department of Energy (DoE) warrant liability as required under GAAP.

Our total cash was \$231 million at quarter end, an increase of \$10 million from last quarter, despite making the second quarterly principal repayment of almost \$13 million on our DoE loan. Total cash includes short term restricted cash set aside primarily for the next DoE loan payment due in June 2013, and excludes noncurrent restricted cash.

### <u>Outlook</u>

While we expect to build about 5,000 Model S vehicles in Q2, some cars will be in transit to Europe for start of deliveries in Q3. As a result, we expect to deliver slightly over 4,500 vehicles during Q2, all in North America. For the full year of 2013, we expect to exceed our prior target of 20,000 worldwide deliveries and feel comfortable raising guidance to about 21,000 deliveries.

Obviously, there is a huge amount of work ahead to improve the gross margin of Model S, but we have a clear roadmap to achieve component cost reductions, as well as achieve additional manufacturing and logistics efficiencies. As a result, we expect to achieve gross margin in the high teens in Q2. Importantly, this expectation includes the impact from lower ZEV credit sales, a lower average selling price due to a higher mix of 60 kWh cars, as well as limited sales of the now discontinued 40 kWh cars, which will have a range-limited 60 kWh battery pack. As mentioned above, we expect that our gross margin will continue to rise into the second half of the year to our target of 25%, assuming no contribution from ZEV credits.

The lease accounting treatment for cars sold through our new financing plan will have no impact on our cash flows, and we expect to be roughly breakeven on cash flow from operations in Q2, despite launch costs in Europe and a huge increase in service centers, stores and Supercharger stations. However, the deferred revenue recognition required by GAAP for lease accounting will lead to a net loss on paper in Q2. We plan to provide information so that investors can evaluate our results both with and without the impact of lease accounting, as we believe the actual effect on Tesla is positive.

Operating expenses are expected to increase moderately in Q2. R&D expenses are expected to increase slightly from Q1 as the pace of product development starts to pick up. SG&A expenses will continue to rise moderately, primarily due to the growth in our stores and service centers.

We plan to spend about \$200 million on capital expenditures in 2013, as we conclude the majority of our investment in the Tesla Factory and Model S tooling. Capital spending also includes the expansion of our service, store and Supercharger networks and new product development.

2013 is off to a strong start, and we look forward to seeing more of you on the road in a Model S this year.

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Elon Musk, Chairman & CEO

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Deepak Ahuja, Chief Financial Officer

#### Webcast Information

Tesla will provide a live webcast of its first quarter 2013 financial results conference call beginning at 2:30 p.m. PT on May 8, 2013, at ir.teslamotors.com. This webcast will also be available for replay for approximately one year thereafter.

#### **Forward-Looking Statements**

Certain statements in this shareholder letter, including statements in the "Outlook" section of this Shareholder Letter: statements regarding profitability in Q2 2013 and cost reduction efforts: statements relating to the progress Tesla is making with respect to the development, European and Asian launch expectations, schedule for the introduction of future options and variants, guality improvements, delivery and volume expectations of Model S; the ability of our suppliers to supply quality parts at reduced costs; the ability to achieve vehicle demand, volume, revenue, gross margin, spending, profitability and cash flow targets; the expected growth rate in reservations and cancellations, and future store, service center and Tesla Supercharger expected costs, openings and expansion plans are "forward-looking statements" that are subject to risks and uncertainties. These forward-looking statements are based on management's current expectations, and as a result of certain risks and uncertainties actual results may differ materially from those projected. The following important factors, without limitation, could cause actual results to differ materially from those in the forward-looking statements: Tesla's future success depends on its ability to design and achieve market acceptance of Model S and other new vehicle models. specifically Model X: the risk of delays in the manufacture, production and delivery ramp of Model S vehicles; the ability of suppliers to meet quality and part delivery expectations; consumers' willingness to adopt electric vehicles and electric cars in particular; competition in the automotive market generally and the alternative fuel vehicle market in particular; Tesla's ability to establish, maintain and strengthen the Tesla brand; the unavailability, reduction or elimination of governmental and economic incentives for electric vehicles; Tesla's ability to establish, maintain and strengthen its relationships with strategic partners such as Daimler, Toyota and Panasonic; and Tesla's ability to execute on its plans for its new interactive retail strategy and for new store, service center and Tesla Supercharger openings. More information on potential factors that could affect the Company's financial results is included from time to time in Tesla's Securities and Exchange Commission filings and reports, including the risks identified under the section captioned "Risk Factors" in our guarterly report on Form 10-K filed on March 7, 2013. Tesla disclaims any obligation to update information contained in these forward-looking statements whether as a result of new information, future events, or otherwise.

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#### Tesla Motors, Inc. Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations (Unaudited) (In thousands, except per share data)

	Three Months Ended						
	Mar 31,			Dec 31,		Mar 31,	
	2013			2012		2012	
Revenues							
Automotive sales	\$	555,203	\$	294,377	\$	19,245	
Development services		6,589		11,955		10,922	
Total revenues		561,792		306,332		30,167	
Cost of revenues							
Automotive sales		461,818		278,710		13,932	
Development services		3,654		3,765		6,025	
Total cost of revenues (1)		465,472		282,475		19,957	
Gross profit		96,320		23,857		10,210	
Operating expenses							
Research and development (1)		54,859		68,832		68,391	
Selling, general and administrative (1)		47,045		45,908		30,582	
Total operating expenses		101,904		114,740		98,973	
Loss from operations		(5,584)		(90,883)		(88,763)	
Interest income		10		85		90	
Interest expense		(118)		(27)	) (65)		
Other income (expense), net (2)		17,091		746		(1,076)	
Income (loss) before income taxes		11,399		(90,079)		(89,814)	
Provision for (benefit from) income taxes		151		(147)		59	
Net income (loss)	\$	11,248	\$	(89,932)	\$	(89,873)	
Net income (loss) per common share, basic (3)	\$	0.10	\$	(0.79)	\$	(0.86)	
Shares used in per share calculation, basic (3)		114,712		113,763		104,784	
Net income (loss) per common share, diluted (3) (4)	\$	0.00	\$	(0.79)	\$	(0.86)	
Shares used in per share calculation, diluted (3)		124,265		113,763		104,784	

#### Notes:

(1) Includes stock-based compensation expense of the following for the periods presented:

Cost of revenues	\$ 1,536	\$ 1,638	\$ 7
Research and development	7,644	7,159	5,932
Selling, general and administrative	 5,688	5,619	4,772
Total stock-based compensation expense	\$ 14,868	\$ 14,416	\$ 10,711

(2) Other income, net, for the three months ended March 31, 2013 includes the gain from the elimination of the \$10.7 million DoE common stock w arrant liability and a \$6.4 million favorable foreign currency exchange impact.

(3) On October 3, 2012, the Company completed its follow -on public offering, pursuant to which the Company sold 7,964,601 shares of common stock.

(4) For the purposes of calculating our diluted income per share for the three months ended March 31, 2013, net income has been adjusted to exclude the one-time non-cash gain of \$10.7 million from the elimination of our DoE w arrant liability.

### Tesla Motors, Inc. Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets (Unaudited) (In thousands)

	r 	March 31, 2013		cember 31, 2012	
Assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	214,417	\$	201,890	
Restricted cash - current		16,719		19,094	
Accounts receivable		46,139		26,842	
Inventory		237,618		268,504	
Prepaid expenses and other current assets		11,100		8,438	
Operating lease vehicles, net		9,060		10,071	
Property and equipment, net		581,997		552,229	
Restricted cash - noncurrent		5,044		5,159	
Other assets		21,684		21,963	
Total assets	\$	1,143,778	\$	1,114,190	
Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity					
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	344,915	\$	343,180	
Deferred revenue		9,024		4,964	
Customer deposits		130,714		138,817	
Common stock w arrant liability		-		10,692	
Capital lease obligations		15,912		14,330	
Long-term debt		439,626		452,337	
Other long-term liabilities		35,004		25,170	
Total liabilities		975,195		989,490	
Stockholders' equity		168,583		124,700	
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$	1,143,778	\$	1,114,190	

Tesla Motors, Inc.

### Supplemental Consolidated Financial Information

(Unaudited)

(In thousands)

	Three Months End					ded		
	Mar 31,		Dec 31,			Mar 31,		
		2013	2012			2012		
Selected Cash Flow Information								
Cash flow s provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	64,079	\$	(37,489)	\$	(63,300)		
Cash flows used in investing activities		(55,236)		(60,758)		(66,227)		
Cash flows provided by financing activities		3,684		214,444		92,831		
Other Selected Financial Information								
Cash flow s provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	64,079	\$	(37,489)	\$	(63,300)		
Capital expenditures		(57,727)		(64,053)		(54,774)		
Free cash flow (cash flow from operations plus capital expenditures)	\$	6,352	\$	(101,542)	\$	(118,074)		
Depreciation and amortization	\$	17,850	\$	12,793	\$	4,163		
	Mar 31, 2013		Dec 31, 2012		Mar 31, 2012			
Cash and Investments								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	214,417	\$	201,890	\$	218,570		
Restricted cash - current	·	16,719	•	19,094	•	39,199		
Short-term marketable securities		-		-		25,009		
Restricted cash - noncurrent		5,044		5,159		3,805		

#### Tesla Motors, Inc. Reconciliation of GAAP to Non-GAAP Financial Information (Unaudited) (In thousands, except per share data)

	Three Months Ended						
	Mar 31, 2013		l	Dec 31, 2012	Mar 31, 2012		
Research and development expenses	\$	E 4 9 E 0	¢	69 933	¢	68 201	
(GAAP)	Ф	54,859	\$	68,832	\$	68,391	
Stock-based compensation expense		(7,644)		(7,159)		(5,932)	
Research and development expenses (Non-GAAP)	\$	47,215	\$	61,673	\$	62,459	
Selling, general and administrative							
expenses (GAAP)	\$	47,045	\$	45,908	\$	30,582	
Stock-based compensation expense		(5,688)		(5,619)		(4,772)	
Selling, general and administrative							
expenses (Non-GAAP)	\$	41,357	\$	40,289	\$	25,810	
Net income (loss) (GAAP)	\$	11,248	\$	(89,932)	\$	(89,873)	
Stock-based compensation expense		14,868		14,416		10,711	
Change in fair value of warrant liability		(10,692)		958		(155)	
Net income (loss) (Non-GAAP)	\$	15,424	\$	(74,558)	\$	(79,317)	
Net income (loss) per common share, basic							
(GAAP)	\$	0.10	\$	(0.79)	\$	(0.86)	
Stock-based compensation expense	•	0.13	•	0.13	•	0.10	
Change in fair value of w arrant liability		(0.09)		0.01		(0.00)	
Net income (loss) per common share, basic		(0.00)				(0.00)	
(Non-GAAP)	\$	0.13	\$	(0.65)	\$	(0.76)	
Shares used in per share calculation, basic (GAAP and Non-GAAP)		114,712		113,763		104,784	
		,=					
Net income (loss) (GAAP)	\$	11,248	\$	(89,932)	\$	(89,873)	
Adjustment for change in fair value of warrant liability		(10,692)		-		-	
Net income (loss) used in calculation of diluted income (loss) per share (GAAP)	\$	556	\$	(89,932)	\$	(89,873)	
Net income (loss) per common share, Stock-based compensation expense	\$	0.00 0.12	\$	(0.79) 0.13	\$	(0.86) 0.10	
Change in fair value of warrant liability		-		0.01		(0.00)	
Net income (loss) per common share, diluted (Non-GAAP)	\$	0.12	\$	(0.65)	\$	(0.76)	
Shares used in per share calculation, diluted (GAAP and Non-GAAP)		124,265		113,763		104,784	

Three Months Ended

#### **Non-GAAP Financial Information**

Consolidated financial information has been presented in accordance with GAAP as well as on a non-GAAP basis. On a non-GAAP basis, financial measures exclude non-cash items such as stock-based compensation as well as the change in fair value related to Tesla's warrant liability. Management believes that it is useful to supplement its GAAP financial statements with this non-GAAP information because management uses such information internally for its operating, budgeting and financial planning purposes. These non-GAAP financial measures also facilitate management's internal comparisons to Tesla's historical performance as well as comparisons to the operating results of other companies. Non-GAAP information is not prepared under a comprehensive set of accounting rules and therefore, should only be read in conjunction with financial information reported under U.S. GAAP when understanding Tesla's operating performance. A reconciliation betw een GAAP and non-GAAP financial information is provided above.